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UnifiedHighlighter.java**romseygeek** LUCENE-9062: QueryVisitor.consumeTermsMatching (#1037)

bed694e on Nov 28, 2019

4 contributors



Raw Blame History



1150 lines (1025 sloc) 46.6 KB

```
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13  * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
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15  * limitations under the License.
16  */
17  package org.apache.lucene.search.uhighlight;
18
19  import java.io.IOException;
20  import java.text.BreakIterator;
21  import java.util.ArrayList;
22  import java.util.Arrays;
23  import java.util.Collection;
24  import java.util.EnumSet;
25  import java.util.HashMap;
26  import java.util.HashSet;
27  import java.util.List;
28  import java.util.Locale;
29  import java.util.Map;
30  import java.util.Objects;
31  import java.util.Set;
32  import java.util.SortedSet;
33  import java.util.TreeSet;
34  import java.util.function.Predicate;
35  import java.util.function.Supplier;
```

```
36
37 import org.apache.lucene.analysis.Analyzer;
38 import org.apache.lucene.document.FieldType;
39 import org.apache.lucene.index.BaseCompositeReader;
40 import org.apache.lucene.index.FieldInfo;
41 import org.apache.lucene.index.FieldInfos;
42 import org.apache.lucene.index.Fields;
43 import org.apache.lucene.index.FilterLeafReader;
44 import org.apache.lucene.index.IndexOptions;
45 import org.apache.lucene.index.IndexReader;
46 import org.apache.lucene.index.LeadReader;
47 import org.apache.lucene.index.LeadReaderContext;
48 import org.apache.lucene.index.MultiReader;
49 import org.apache.lucene.index.ReaderUtil;
50 import org.apache.lucene.index.StoredFieldVisitor;
51 import org.apache.lucene.index.Term;
52 import org.apache.lucene.search.DocIdSetIterator;
53 import org.apache.lucene.search.IndexSearcher;
54 import org.apache.lucene.search.MatchAllDocsQuery;
55 import org.apache.lucene.search.MatchNoDocsQuery;
56 import org.apache.lucene.search.MultiTermQuery;
57 import org.apache.lucene.search.Query;
58 import org.apache.lucene.search.QueryVisitor;
59 import org.apache.lucene.search.ScoreDoc;
60 import org.apache.lucene.search.TopDocs;
61 import org.apache.lucene.search.Weight;
62 import org.apache.lucene.search.spans.SpanQuery;
63 import org.apache.lucene.util.BytesRef;
64 import org.apache.lucene.util.InPlaceMergeSorter;
65
66 /**
67  * A Highlighter that can get offsets from either
68  * postings ({@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS}),
69  * term vectors ({@link FieldType#setStoreTermVectorOffsets(boolean)}),
70  * or via re-analyzing text.
71  * <p>
72  * This highlighter treats the single original document as the whole corpus, and then scores in
73  * passages as if they were documents in this corpus. It uses a {@link BreakIterator} to find
74  * passages in the text; by default it breaks using {@link BreakIterator#getSentenceInstance(Locale)}
75  * getSentenceInstance(Locale.ROOT)}. It then iterates in parallel (merge sorting by offset) th
76  * the positions of all terms from the query, coalescing those hits that occur in a single pass
77  * into a {@link Passage}, and then scores each Passage using a separate {@link PassageScorer}.
78  * Passages are finally formatted into highlighted snippets with a {@link PassageFormatter}.
79  * <p>
80  * You can customize the behavior by calling some of the setters, or by subclassing and overrid
81  * Some important hooks:
82  * <ul>
83  * <li>{@link #getBreakIterator(String)}: Customize how the text is divided into passages.
84  * <li>{@link #getScorer(String)}: Customize how passages are ranked.
85  * <li>{@link #getFormatter(String)}: Customize how snippets are formatted.
86  * </ul>
87  * <p>
```

```
88  * This is thread-safe.
89  *
90  * @lucene.experimental
91  */
92  public class UnifiedHighlighter {
93
94      protected static final char MULTIVAL_SEP_CHAR = (char) 0;
95
96      public static final int DEFAULT_MAX_LENGTH = 10000;
97
98      public static final int DEFAULT_CACHE_CHARS_THRESHOLD = 524288; // ~ 1 MB (2 byte chars)
99
100     static final IndexSearcher EMPTY_INDEXSEARCHER;
101
102     static {
103         try {
104             IndexReader emptyReader = new MultiReader();
105             EMPTY_INDEXSEARCHER = new IndexSearcher(emptyReader);
106             EMPTY_INDEXSEARCHER.setQueryCache(null);
107         } catch (IOException bogus) {
108             throw new RuntimeException(bogus);
109         }
110     }
111
112     protected static final LabelledCharArrayMatcher[] ZERO_LEN_AUTOMATA_ARRAY = new LabelledChara
113
114     protected final IndexSearcher searcher; // if null, can only use highlightWithoutSearcher
115
116     protected final Analyzer indexAnalyzer;
117
118     private boolean defaultHandleMtq = true; // e.g. wildcards
119
120     private boolean defaultHighlightPhrasesStrictly = true; // AKA "accuracy" or "query debugging
121
122     private boolean defaultPassageRelevancyOverSpeed = true; //For analysis, prefer MemoryIndexO
123
124     private int maxLength = DEFAULT_MAX_LENGTH;
125
126     // BreakIterator is stateful so we use a Supplier factory method
127     private Supplier<BreakIterator> defaultBreakIterator = () -> BreakIterator.getSentenceInstant
128
129     private Predicate<String> defaultFieldMatcher;
130
131     private PassageScorer defaultScorer = new PassageScorer();
132
133     private PassageFormatter defaultFormatter = new DefaultPassageFormatter();
134
135     private int defaultMaxNoHighlightPassages = -1;
136
137     // lazy initialized with double-check locking; protected so subclass can init
138     protected volatile FieldInfos fieldInfos;
139
```

```
140 private int cacheFieldValCharsThreshold = DEFAULT_CACHE_CHARS_THRESHOLD;
141
142 /**
143  * Extracts matching terms after rewriting against an empty index
144  */
145 protected static Set<Term> extractTerms(Query query) throws IOException {
146     Set<Term> queryTerms = new HashSet<>();
147     EMPTY_INDEXSEARCHER.rewrite(query).visit(QueryVisitor.termCollector(queryTerms));
148     return queryTerms;
149 }
150
151 /**
152  * Constructs the highlighter with the given index searcher and analyzer.
153  *
154  * @param indexSearcher Usually required, unless {@link #highlightWithoutSearcher(String, Qu
155  *                       used, in which case this needs to be null.
156  * @param indexAnalyzer Required, even if in some circumstances it isn't used.
157  */
158 public UnifiedHighlighter(IndexSearcher indexSearcher, Analyzer indexAnalyzer) {
159     this.searcher = indexSearcher; //TODO: make non nullable
160     this.indexAnalyzer = Objects.requireNonNull(indexAnalyzer,
161         "indexAnalyzer is required"
162         + " (even if in some circumstances it isn't used)");
163 }
164
165 public void setHandleMultiTermQuery(boolean handleMtg) {
166     this.defaultHandleMtg = handleMtg;
167 }
168
169 public void setHighlightPhrasesStrictly(boolean highlightPhrasesStrictly) {
170     this.defaultHighlightPhrasesStrictly = highlightPhrasesStrictly;
171 }
172
173 public void setMaxLength(int maxLength) {
174     if (maxLength < 0 || maxLength == Integer.MAX_VALUE) {
175         // two reasons: no overflow problems in BreakIterator.preceding(offset+1),
176         // our sentinel in the offsets queue uses this value to terminate.
177         throw new IllegalArgumentException("maxLength must be < Integer.MAX_VALUE");
178     }
179     this.maxLength = maxLength;
180 }
181
182 public void setBreakIterator(Supplier<BreakIterator> breakIterator) {
183     this.defaultBreakIterator = breakIterator;
184 }
185
186 public void setScorer(PassageScorer scorer) {
187     this.defaultScorer = scorer;
188 }
189
190 public void setFormatter(PassageFormatter formatter) {
191     this.defaultFormatter = formatter;
```

```
192     }
193
194     public void setMaxNoHighlightPassages(int defaultMaxNoHighlightPassages) {
195         this.defaultMaxNoHighlightPassages = defaultMaxNoHighlightPassages;
196     }
197
198     public void setCacheFieldValCharsThreshold(int cacheFieldValCharsThreshold) {
199         this.cacheFieldValCharsThreshold = cacheFieldValCharsThreshold;
200     }
201
202     public void setFieldMatcher(Predicate<String> predicate) {
203         this.defaultFieldMatcher = predicate;
204     }
205
206     /**
207      * Returns whether {@link MultiTermQuery} derivatives will be highlighted. By default it's
208      * highlighting can be expensive, particularly when using offsets in postings.
209      */
210     protected boolean shouldHandleMultiTermQuery(String field) {
211         return defaultHandleMtg;
212     }
213
214     /**
215      * Returns whether position sensitive queries (e.g. phrases and {@link SpanQuery}s)
216      * should be highlighted strictly based on query matches (slower)
217      * versus any/all occurrences of the underlying terms. By default it's enabled, but there's
218      * queries aren't used.
219      */
220     protected boolean shouldHighlightPhrasesStrictly(String field) {
221         return defaultHighlightPhrasesStrictly;
222     }
223
224
225     protected boolean shouldPreferPassageRelevancyOverSpeed(String field) {
226         return defaultPassageRelevancyOverSpeed;
227     }
228
229     /**
230      * Returns the predicate to use for extracting the query part that must be highlighted.
231      * By default only queries that target the current field are kept. (AKA requireFieldMatch)
232      */
233     protected Predicate<String> getFieldMatcher(String field) {
234         if (defaultFieldMatcher != null) {
235             return defaultFieldMatcher;
236         } else {
237             // requireFieldMatch = true
238             return (qf) -> field.equals(qf);
239         }
240     }
241
242     /**
243      * The maximum content size to process. Content will be truncated to this size before highli
```

```
244     * snippets closer to the beginning of the document better summarize its content.
245     */
246     public int getMaxLength() {
247         return maxLength;
248     }
249
250     /**
251     * Returns the {@link BreakIterator} to use for
252     * dividing text into passages. This returns
253     * {@link BreakIterator#getSentenceInstance(Locale)} by default;
254     * subclasses can override to customize.
255     * <p>
256     * Note: this highlighter will call
257     * {@link BreakIterator#preceding(int)} and {@link BreakIterator#next()} many times on it.
258     * The default generic JDK implementation of {@code preceding} performs poorly.
259     */
260     protected BreakIterator getBreakIterator(String field) {
261         return defaultBreakIterator.get();
262     }
263
264     /**
265     * Returns the {@link PassageScorer} to use for
266     * ranking passages. This
267     * returns a new {@code PassageScorer} by default;
268     * subclasses can override to customize.
269     */
270     protected PassageScorer getScorer(String field) {
271         return defaultScorer;
272     }
273
274     /**
275     * Returns the {@link PassageFormatter} to use for
276     * formatting passages into highlighted snippets. This
277     * returns a new {@code PassageFormatter} by default;
278     * subclasses can override to customize.
279     */
280     protected PassageFormatter getFormatter(String field) {
281         return defaultFormatter;
282     }
283
284     /**
285     * Returns the number of leading passages (as delineated by the {@link BreakIterator}) when
286     * highlights could be found. If it's less than 0 (the default) then this defaults to the
287     * parameter given for each request. If this is 0 then the resulting highlight is null (not
288     */
289     protected int getMaxNoHighlightPassages(String field) {
290         return defaultMaxNoHighlightPassages;
291     }
292
293     /**
294     * Limits the amount of field value pre-fetching until this threshold is passed. The highlighter
295     * internally highlights in batches of documents sized on the sum field value length (in char
```

```

296 * to be highlighted (bounded by {@link #getMaxLength()} for each field). By setting this to
297 * documents to be fetched and highlighted one at a time, which you usually shouldn't do.
298 * The default is 524288 chars which translates to about a megabyte. However, note
299 * that the highlighter sometimes ignores this and highlights one document at a time (without
300 * bunch of documents in advance) when it can detect there's no point in it -- such as when a
301 * highlighted via re-analysis as one example.
302 */
303 public int getCacheFieldValCharsThreshold() { // question: should we size by bytes instead?
304     return cacheFieldValCharsThreshold;
305 }
306
307 /**
308  * ... as passed in from constructor.
309  */
310 public IndexSearcher getIndexSearcher() {
311     return searcher;
312 }
313
314 /**
315  * ... as passed in from constructor.
316  */
317 public Analyzer getIndexAnalyzer() {
318     return indexAnalyzer;
319 }
320
321 /**
322  * Source of term offsets; essential for highlighting.
323  */
324 public enum OffsetSource {
325     POSTINGS, TERM_VECTORS, ANALYSIS, POSTINGS_WITH_TERM_VECTORS, NONE_NEEDED
326 }
327
328 /**
329  * Determine the offset source for the specified field. The default algorithm is as follows
330  * <ol>
331  * <li>This calls {@link #getFieldInfo(String)}. Note this returns null if there is no search
332  * field isn't found there.</li>
333  * <li>If there's a field info it has
334  * {@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS} then {@link OffsetSource#POS
335  * returned.</li>
336  * <li>If there's a field info and {@link FieldInfo#hasVectors()} then {@link OffsetSource#TI
337  * returned (note we can't check here if the TV has offsets; if there isn't then an exception
338  * down the line).</li>
339  * <li>Fall-back: {@link OffsetSource#ANALYSIS} is returned.</li>
340  * </ol>
341  * <p>
342  * Note that the highlighter sometimes switches to something else based on the query, such as
343  * {@link OffsetSource#POSTINGS_WITH_TERM_VECTORS} but in fact don't need term vectors.
344  */
345 protected OffsetSource getOffsetSource(String field) {
346     FieldInfo fieldInfo = getFieldInfo(field);
347     if (fieldInfo != null) {

```

```

348     if (fieldInfo.getIndexOptions() == IndexOptions.DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS)
349         return fieldInfo.hasVectors() ? OffsetSource.POSTINGS_WITH_TERM_VECTORS : OffsetSource
350     }
351     if (fieldInfo.hasVectors()) { // unfortunately we can't also check if the TV has offsets
352         return OffsetSource.TERM_VECTORS;
353     }
354 }
355 return OffsetSource.ANALYSIS;
356 }
357
358 /**
359  * Called by the default implementation of {@link #getOffsetSource(String)}.
360  * If there is no searcher then we simply always return null.
361  */
362 protected FieldInfo getFieldInfo(String field) {
363     if (searcher == null) {
364         return null;
365     }
366     // Need thread-safety for lazy-init but lets avoid 'synchronized' by using double-check lock
367     FieldInfos fieldInfos = this.fieldInfos; // note: it's volatile; read once
368     if (fieldInfos == null) {
369         synchronized (this) {
370             fieldInfos = this.fieldInfos;
371             if (fieldInfos == null) {
372                 fieldInfos = FieldInfos.getMergedFieldInfos(searcher.getIndexReader());
373                 this.fieldInfos = fieldInfos;
374             }
375         }
376     }
377
378     }
379     return fieldInfos.fieldInfo(field);
380 }
381
382 /**
383  * Highlights the top passages from a single field.
384  *
385  * @param field field name to highlight.
386  *             Must have a stored string value and also be indexed with offsets.
387  * @param query query to highlight.
388  * @param topDocs TopDocs containing the summary result documents to highlight.
389  * @return Array of formatted snippets corresponding to the documents in <code>topDocs</code>.
390  * If no highlights were found for a document, the
391  * first sentence for the field will be returned.
392  * @throws IOException if an I/O error occurred during processing
393  * @throws IllegalArgumentException if <code>field</code> was indexed without
394  *             {@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS}
395  */
396 public String[] highlight(String field, Query query, TopDocs topDocs) throws IOException {
397     return highlight(field, query, topDocs, 1);
398 }
399

```



```

400  /**
401  * Highlights the top-N passages from a single field.
402  *
403  * @param field      field name to highlight. Must have a stored string value.
404  * @param query      query to highlight.
405  * @param topDocs    TopDocs containing the summary result documents to highlight.
406  * @param maxPassages The maximum number of top-N ranked passages used to
407  *                   form the highlighted snippets.
408  * @return Array of formatted snippets corresponding to the documents in <code>topDocs</code>.
409  * If no highlights were found for a document, the
410  * first {@code maxPassages} sentences from the
411  * field will be returned.
412  * @throws IOException      if an I/O error occurred during processing
413  * @throws IllegalArgumentException if <code>field</code> was indexed without
414  *                   {@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS}
415  */
416  public String[] highlight(String field, Query query, TopDocs topDocs, int maxPassages) throws IOException {
417      Map<String, String[]> res = highlightFields(new String[]{field}, query, topDocs, new int[]{maxPassages});
418      return res.get(field);
419  }
420
421  /**
422  * Highlights the top passages from multiple fields.
423  * <p>
424  * Conceptually, this behaves as a more efficient form of:
425  * <pre class="prettyprint">
426  * Map m = new HashMap();
427  * for (String field : fields) {
428  *   m.put(field, highlight(field, query, topDocs));
429  * }
430  * return m;
431  * </pre>
432  *
433  * @param fields  field names to highlight. Must have a stored string value.
434  * @param query   query to highlight.
435  * @param topDocs TopDocs containing the summary result documents to highlight.
436  * @return Map keyed on field name, containing the array of formatted snippets
437  * corresponding to the documents in <code>topDocs</code>.
438  * If no highlights were found for a document, the
439  * first sentence from the field will be returned.
440  * @throws IOException      if an I/O error occurred during processing
441  * @throws IllegalArgumentException if <code>field</code> was indexed without
442  *                   {@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS}
443  */
444  public Map<String, String[]> highlightFields(String[] fields, Query query, TopDocs topDocs) throws IOException {
445      int maxPassages[] = new int[fields.length];
446      Arrays.fill(maxPassages, 1);
447      return highlightFields(fields, query, topDocs, maxPassages);
448  }
449
450  /**
451  * Highlights the top-N passages from multiple fields.

```

```

452 * <p>
453 * Conceptually, this behaves as a more efficient form of:
454 * <pre class="prettyprint">
455 * Map m = new HashMap();
456 * for (String field : fields) {
457 * m.put(field, highlight(field, query, topDocs, maxPassages));
458 * }
459 * return m;
460 * </pre>
461 *
462 * @param fields      field names to highlight. Must have a stored string value.
463 * @param query       query to highlight.
464 * @param topDocs     TopDocs containing the summary result documents to highlight.
465 * @param maxPassages The maximum number of top-N ranked passages per-field used to
466 *                   form the highlighted snippets.
467 * @return Map keyed on field name, containing the array of formatted snippets
468 *         corresponding to the documents in <code>topDocs</code>.
469 * If no highlights were found for a document, the
470 * first {@code maxPassages} sentences from the
471 * field will be returned.
472 * @throws IOException      if an I/O error occurred during processing
473 * @throws IllegalArgumentException if <code>field</code> was indexed without
474 *                   {@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS}
475 */
476 public Map<String, String[]> highlightFields(String[] fields, Query query, TopDocs topDocs,
477     throws IOException {
478     final ScoreDoc scoreDocs[] = topDocs.scoreDocs;
479     int docids[] = new int[scoreDocs.length];
480     for (int i = 0; i < docids.length; i++) {
481         docids[i] = scoreDocs[i].doc;
482     }
483
484     return highlightFields(fields, query, docids, maxPassages);
485 }
486
487 /**
488 * Highlights the top-N passages from multiple fields,
489 * for the provided int[] docids.
490 *
491 * @param fieldsIn      field names to highlight. Must have a stored string value.
492 * @param query         query to highlight.
493 * @param docidsIn      containing the document IDs to highlight.
494 * @param maxPassagesIn The maximum number of top-N ranked passages per-field used to
495 *                   form the highlighted snippets.
496 * @return Map keyed on field name, containing the array of formatted snippets
497 *         corresponding to the documents in <code>docidsIn</code>.
498 * If no highlights were found for a document, the
499 * first {@code maxPassages} from the field will
500 * be returned.
501 * @throws IOException      if an I/O error occurred during processing
502 * @throws IllegalArgumentException if <code>field</code> was indexed without
503 *                   {@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS}

```

```

504     */
505     public Map<String, String[]> highlightFields(String[] fieldsIn, Query query, int[] docIdsIn,
506         throws IOException {
507         Map<String, String[]> snippets = new HashMap<>();
508         for (Map.Entry<String, Object[]> ent : highlightFieldsAsObjects(fieldsIn, query, docIdsIn,
509             Object[] snippetObjects = ent.getValue();
510             String[] snippetStrings = new String[snippetObjects.length];
511             snippets.put(ent.getKey(), snippetStrings);
512             for (int i = 0; i < snippetObjects.length; i++) {
513                 Object snippet = snippetObjects[i];
514                 if (snippet != null) {
515                     snippetStrings[i] = snippet.toString();
516                 }
517             }
518         }
519
520         return snippets;
521     }
522
523     /**
524     * Expert: highlights the top-N passages from multiple fields,
525     * for the provided int[] docIds, to custom Object as
526     * returned by the {@link PassageFormatter}. Use
527     * this API to render to something other than String.
528     *
529     * @param fieldsIn      field names to highlight. Must have a stored string value.
530     * @param query          query to highlight.
531     * @param docIdsIn      containing the document IDs to highlight.
532     * @param maxPassagesIn The maximum number of top-N ranked passages per-field used to
533     *                       form the highlighted snippets.
534     * @return Map keyed on field name, containing the array of formatted snippets
535     *         corresponding to the documents in <code>docIdsIn</code>.
536     * If no highlights were found for a document, the
537     * first {@code maxPassages} from the field will
538     * be returned.
539     * @throws IOException      if an I/O error occurred during processing
540     * @throws IllegalArgumentException if <code>field</code> was indexed without
541     *                               {@link IndexOptions#DOCS_AND_FREQS_AND_POSITIONS_AND_OFFSETS}
542     */
543     protected Map<String, Object[]> highlightFieldsAsObjects(String[] fieldsIn, Query query, int
544         int[] maxPassagesIn) throws IOException {
545         if (fieldsIn.length < 1) {
546             throw new IllegalArgumentException("fieldsIn must not be empty");
547         }
548         if (fieldsIn.length != maxPassagesIn.length) {
549             throw new IllegalArgumentException("invalid number of maxPassagesIn");
550         }
551         if (searcher == null) {
552             throw new IllegalStateException("This method requires that an indexSearcher was passed in
553                 + "constructor. Perhaps you mean to call highlightWithoutSearcher?");
554         }
555

```

```

556 // Sort docs & fields for sequential i/o
557
558 // Sort doc IDs w/ index to original order: (copy input arrays since we sort in-place)
559 int[] docIds = new int[docIdsIn.length];
560 int[] docInIndexes = new int[docIds.length]; // fill in ascending order; points into docIds
561 copyAndSortDocIdsWithIndex(docIdsIn, docIds, docInIndexes); // latter 2 are "out" params
562
563 // Sort fields w/ maxPassages pair: (copy input arrays since we sort in-place)
564 final String fields[] = new String[fieldsIn.length];
565 final int maxPassages[] = new int[maxPassagesIn.length];
566 copyAndSortFieldsWithMaxPassages(fieldsIn, maxPassagesIn, fields, maxPassages); // latter 2
567
568 // Init field highlighters (where most of the highlight logic lives, and on a per field basis)
569 Set<Term> queryTerms = extractTerms(query);
570 FieldHighlighter[] fieldHighlighters = new FieldHighlighter[fields.length];
571 int numTermVectors = 0;
572 int numPostings = 0;
573 for (int f = 0; f < fields.length; f++) {
574     FieldHighlighter fieldHighlighter = getFieldHighlighter(fields[f], query, queryTerms, maxPassages[f]);
575     fieldHighlighters[f] = fieldHighlighter;
576
577     switch (fieldHighlighter.getOffsetSource()) {
578         case TERM_VECTORS:
579             numTermVectors++;
580             break;
581         case POSTINGS:
582             numPostings++;
583             break;
584         case POSTINGS_WITH_TERM_VECTORS:
585             numTermVectors++;
586             numPostings++;
587             break;
588         case ANALYSIS:
589         case NONE_NEEDED:
590         default:
591             //do nothing
592             break;
593     }
594 }
595
596 int cacheCharsThreshold = calculateOptimalCacheCharsThreshold(numTermVectors, numPostings);
597
598 IndexReader indexReaderWithTermVecCache =
599     (numTermVectors >= 2) ? TermVectorReusingLeafReader.wrap(searcher.getIndexReader()) : searcher.getIndexReader();
600
601 // [fieldIdx][docIdInIndex] of highlightDoc result
602 Object[][] highlightDocsInByField = new Object[fields.length][docIds.length];
603 // Highlight in doc batches determined by loadFieldValues (consumes from docIdIter)
604 DocIdSetIterator docIdIter = asDocIdSetIterator(docIds);
605 for (int batchDocIdx = 0; batchDocIdx < docIds.length; ) {
606     // Load the field values of the first batch of document(s) (note: commonly all docs are in the same batch)
607     List<CharSequence[]> fieldValsByDoc =

```

```

608     loadFieldValues(fields, docIdIter, cacheCharsThreshold);
609     //    the size of the above list is the size of the batch (num of docs in the batch)
610
611     // Highlight in per-field order first, then by doc (better I/O pattern)
612     for (int fieldIdx = 0; fieldIdx < fields.length; fieldIdx++) {
613         Object[] resultByDocIn = highlightDocsInByField[fieldIdx]; //parallel to docIdsIn
614         FieldHighlighter fieldHighlighter = fieldHighlighters[fieldIdx];
615         for (int docIdx = batchDocIdx; docIdx - batchDocIdx < fieldValsByDoc.size(); docIdx++)
616             int docId = docIds[docIdx]; //sorted order
617             CharSequence content = fieldValsByDoc.get(docIdx - batchDocIdx)[fieldIdx];
618             if (content == null) {
619                 continue;
620             }
621             IndexReader indexReader =
622                 (fieldHighlighter.getOffsetSource() == OffsetSource.TERM_VECTORS
623                     && indexReaderWithTermVecCache != null)
624                     ? indexReaderWithTermVecCache
625                     : searcher.getIndexReader();
626             final LeafReader leafReader;
627             if (indexReader instanceof LeafReader) {
628                 leafReader = (LeafReader) indexReader;
629             } else {
630                 List<LeafReaderContext> leaves = indexReader.leaves();
631                 LeafReaderContext leafReaderContext = leaves.get(ReaderUtil.subIndex(docId, leaves));
632                 leafReader = leafReaderContext.reader();
633                 docId -= leafReaderContext.docBase; // adjust 'doc' to be within this leaf reader
634             }
635             int docInIndex = docInIndexes[docIdx]; //original input order
636             assert resultByDocIn[docInIndex] == null;
637             resultByDocIn[docInIndex] =
638                 fieldHighlighter
639                     .highlightFieldForDoc(leafReader, docId, content.toString());
640         }
641     }
642 }
643
644     batchDocIdx += fieldValsByDoc.size();
645 }
646 assert docIdIter.docID() == DocIdSetIterator.NO_MORE_DOCS
647     || docIdIter.nextDoc() == DocIdSetIterator.NO_MORE_DOCS;
648
649 // TODO reconsider the return type; since this is an "advanced" method, lets not return a Map
650 //    caller simply iterates it to build another structure.
651
652 // field -> object highlights parallel to docIdsIn
653 Map<String, Object[]> resultMap = new HashMap<>(fields.length);
654 for (int f = 0; f < fields.length; f++) {
655     resultMap.put(fields[f], highlightDocsInByField[f]);
656 }
657 return resultMap;
658 }
659

```

```

660  /**
661   * When cacheCharsThreshold is 0, loadFieldValues() only fetches one document at a time. We
662   * in two circumstances:
663   */
664  private int calculateOptimalCacheCharsThreshold(int numTermVectors, int numPostings) {
665      if (numPostings == 0 && numTermVectors == 0) {
666          // (1) When all fields are ANALYSIS there's no point in caching a batch of documents
667          // because no other info on disk is needed to highlight it.
668          return 0;
669      } else if (numTermVectors >= 2) {
670          // (2) When two or more fields have term vectors, given the field-then-doc algorithm, the
671          // vectors will be fetched in a terrible access pattern unless we highlight a doc at a time
672          // current-doc TV cache. So we do that. Hopefully one day TVs will be improved to make
673          return 0;
674      } else {
675          return getCacheFieldValCharsThreshold();
676      }
677  }
678
679  private void copyAndSortFieldsWithMaxPassages(String[] fieldsIn, int[] maxPassagesIn, final int[] maxPassages) {
680      System.arraycopy(fieldsIn, 0, fields, 0, fieldsIn.length);
681      System.arraycopy(maxPassagesIn, 0, maxPassages, 0, maxPassagesIn.length);
682      new InPlaceMergeSorter() {
683          @Override
684          protected void swap(int i, int j) {
685              String tmp = fields[i];
686              fields[i] = fields[j];
687              fields[j] = tmp;
688              int tmp2 = maxPassages[i];
689              maxPassages[i] = maxPassages[j];
690              maxPassages[j] = tmp2;
691          }
692
693          @Override
694          protected int compare(int i, int j) {
695              return fields[i].compareTo(fields[j]);
696          }
697      }.sort(0, fields.length);
698  }
699
700  private void copyAndSortDocIdsWithIndex(int[] docIdsIn, final int[] docIds, final int[] docInIndexes) {
701      System.arraycopy(docIdsIn, 0, docIds, 0, docIdsIn.length);
702      for (int i = 0; i < docInIndexes.length; i++) {
703          docInIndexes[i] = i;
704      }
705      new InPlaceMergeSorter() {
706          @Override
707          protected void swap(int i, int j) {
708              int tmp = docIds[i];
709              docIds[i] = docIds[j];
710              docIds[j] = tmp;
711          }

```

```

712     docIds[j] = tmp;
713     tmp = docInIndexes[i];
714     docInIndexes[i] = docInIndexes[j];
715     docInIndexes[j] = tmp;
716 }
717
718 @Override
719 protected int compare(int i, int j) {
720     return Integer.compare(docIds[i], docIds[j]);
721 }
722 }.sort(0, docIds.length);
723 }
724
725 /**
726  * Highlights text passed as a parameter. This requires the {@link IndexSearcher} provided to
727  * not be null. This use-case is more rare. Naturally, the mode of operation will be {@link OffsetSource}
728  * if the {@link IndexSearcher} is null. The result of this method is whatever the {@link PassageFormatter} returns. For the {@link
729  * DefaultPassageFormatter} and assuming {@code content} has non-zero length, the result will be a
730  * string -- so it's safe to call {@link Object#toString()} on it in that case.
731  *
732  * @param field      field name to highlight (as found in the query).
733  * @param query      query to highlight.
734  * @param content    text to highlight.
735  * @param maxPassages The maximum number of top-N ranked passages used to
736  *                    form the highlighted snippets.
737  * @return result of the {@link PassageFormatter} -- probably a String. Might be null.
738  * @throws IOException if an I/O error occurred during processing
739  */
740 //TODO make content a List? and return a List? and ensure getEmptyHighlight is never invoked
741 public Object highlightWithoutSearcher(String field, Query query, String content, int maxPassages)
742     throws IOException {
743     if (this.searcher != null) {
744         throw new IllegalStateException("highlightWithoutSearcher should only be called on a " +
745             getClass().getSimpleName() + " without an IndexSearcher.");
746     }
747     Objects.requireNonNull(content, "content is required");
748     Set<Term> queryTerms = extractTerms(query);
749     return getFieldHighlighter(field, query, queryTerms, maxPassages)
750         .highlightFieldForDoc(null, -1, content);
751 }
752
753 protected FieldHighlighter getFieldHighlighter(String field, Query query, Set<Term> allTerms,
754     UHComponents components = getHighlightComponents(field, query, allTerms);
755     OffsetSource offsetSource = getOptimizedOffsetSource(components);
756     return new FieldHighlighter(field,
757         getOffsetStrategy(offsetSource, components),
758         new SplittingBreakIterator(getBreakIterator(field), UnifiedHighlighter.MULTIVAL_SEP_CHAR),
759         getScorer(field),
760         maxPassages,
761         getMaxNoHighlightPassages(field),
762         getFormatter(field));
763 }

```

```

764
765 protected UHComponents getHighlightComponents(String field, Query query, Set<Term> allTerms)
766     Predicate<String> fieldMatcher = getFieldMatcher(field);
767     Set<HighlightFlag> highlightFlags = getFlags(field);
768     PhraseHelper phraseHelper = getPhraseHelper(field, query, highlightFlags);
769     boolean queryHasUnrecognizedPart = hasUnrecognizedQuery(fieldMatcher, query);
770     BytesRef[] terms = null;
771     LabelledCharArrayMatcher[] automata = null;
772     if (!highlightFlags.contains(HighlightFlag.WEIGHT_MATCHES) || !queryHasUnrecognizedPart) {
773         terms = filterExtractedTerms(fieldMatcher, allTerms);
774         automata = getAutomata(field, query, highlightFlags);
775     } // otherwise don't need to extract
776     return new UHComponents(field, fieldMatcher, query, terms, phraseHelper, automata, queryHas
777 }
778
779 protected boolean hasUnrecognizedQuery(Predicate<String> fieldMatcher, Query query) {
780     boolean[] hasUnknownLeaf = new boolean[1];
781     query.visit(new QueryVisitor() {
782         @Override
783         public boolean acceptField(String field) {
784             // checking hasUnknownLeaf is a trick to exit early
785             return hasUnknownLeaf[0] == false && fieldMatcher.test(field);
786         }
787
788         @Override
789         public void visitLeaf(Query query) {
790             if (MultiTermHighlighting.canExtractAutomataFromLeafQuery(query) == false) {
791                 if (!(query instanceof MatchAllDocsQuery || query instanceof MatchNoDocsQuery)) {
792                     hasUnknownLeaf[0] = true;
793                 }
794             }
795         }
796     });
797     return hasUnknownLeaf[0];
798 }
799
800 protected static BytesRef[] filterExtractedTerms(Predicate<String> fieldMatcher, Set<Term> queryTerms) {
801     // Strip off the redundant field and sort the remaining terms
802     SortedSet<BytesRef> filteredTerms = new TreeSet<>();
803     for (Term term : queryTerms) {
804         if (fieldMatcher.test(term.field())) {
805             filteredTerms.add(term.bytes());
806         }
807     }
808     return filteredTerms.toArray(new BytesRef[filteredTerms.size()]);
809 }
810
811 protected Set<HighlightFlag> getFlags(String field) {
812     Set<HighlightFlag> highlightFlags = EnumSet.noneOf(HighlightFlag.class);
813     if (shouldHandleMultiTermQuery(field)) {
814         highlightFlags.add(HighlightFlag.MULTI_TERM_QUERY);
815     }

```



```

816     if (shouldHighlightPhrasesStrictly(field)) {
817         highlightFlags.add(HighlightFlag.PHRASES);
818     }
819     if (shouldPreferPassageRelevancyOverSpeed(field)) {
820         highlightFlags.add(HighlightFlag.PASSAGE_RELEVANCY_OVER_SPEED);
821     }
822     return highlightFlags;
823 }
824
825 protected PhraseHelper getPhraseHelper(String field, Query query, Set<HighlightFlag> highlightFlags) {
826     boolean useWeightMatchesIter = highlightFlags.contains(HighlightFlag.WEIGHT_MATCHES);
827     if (useWeightMatchesIter) {
828         return PhraseHelper.NONE; // will be handled by Weight.matches which always considers phrases
829     }
830     boolean highlightPhrasesStrictly = highlightFlags.contains(HighlightFlag.PHRASES);
831     boolean handleMultiTermQuery = highlightFlags.contains(HighlightFlag.MULTI_TERM_QUERY);
832     return highlightPhrasesStrictly ?
833         new PhraseHelper(query, field, getFieldMatcher(field),
834             this::requiresRewrite,
835             this::preSpanQueryRewrite,
836             !handleMultiTermQuery
837         )
838         : PhraseHelper.NONE;
839 }
840
841 protected LabelledCharArrayMatcher[] getAutomata(String field, Query query, Set<HighlightFlag> highlightFlags) {
842     // do we "eagerly" look in span queries for automata here, or do we not and let PhraseHelper handle it?
843     // if don't highlight phrases strictly,
844     final boolean lookInSpan =
845         !highlightFlags.contains(HighlightFlag.PHRASES) // no PhraseHelper
846         || highlightFlags.contains(HighlightFlag.WEIGHT_MATCHES); // Weight.Matches will find phrases
847
848     return highlightFlags.contains(HighlightFlag.MULTI_TERM_QUERY)
849         ? MultiTermHighlighting.extractAutomata(query, getFieldMatcher(field), lookInSpan)
850         : ZERO_LEN_AUTOMATA_ARRAY;
851 }
852
853 protected OffsetSource getOptimizedOffsetSource(UHComponents components) {
854     OffsetSource offsetSource = getOffsetSource(components.getField());
855
856     // null automata means unknown, so assume a possibility
857     boolean mtqOrRewrite = components.getAutomata() == null || components.getAutomata().length > 0
858         || components.getPhraseHelper().willRewrite() || components.hasUnrecognizedQueryPart();
859
860     // null terms means unknown, so assume something to highlight
861     if (mtqOrRewrite == false && components.getTerms() != null && components.getTerms().length > 0) {
862         return OffsetSource.NONE_NEEDED; //nothing to highlight
863     }
864
865     switch (offsetSource) {
866         case POSTINGS:
867             if (mtqOrRewrite) { // may need to see scan through all terms for the highlighted document

```

```

868         return OffsetSource.ANALYSIS;
869     }
870     break;
871 case POSTINGS_WITH_TERM_VECTORS:
872     if (mtqOrRewrite == false) {
873         return OffsetSource.POSTINGS; //We don't need term vectors
874     }
875     break;
876 case ANALYSIS:
877 case TERM_VECTORS:
878 case NONE_NEEDED:
879 default:
880     //stick with the original offset source
881     break;
882 }
883
884 return offsetSource;
885 }
886
887 protected FieldOffsetStrategy getOffsetStrategy(OffsetSource offsetSource, UHComponents compo
888     switch (offsetSource) {
889         case ANALYSIS:
890             if (!components.getPhraseHelper().hasPositionSensitivity() &&
891                 !components.getHighlightFlags().contains(HighlightFlag.PASSAGE_RELEVANCY_OVER_SPEE
892                 !components.getHighlightFlags().contains(HighlightFlag.WEIGHT_MATCHES)) {
893                 //skip using a memory index since it's pure term filtering
894                 return new TokenStreamOffsetStrategy(components, getIndexAnalyzer());
895             } else {
896                 return new MemoryIndexOffsetStrategy(components, getIndexAnalyzer());
897             }
898         case NONE_NEEDED:
899             return NoOpOffsetStrategy.INSTANCE;
900         case TERM_VECTORS:
901             return new TermVectorOffsetStrategy(components);
902         case POSTINGS:
903             return new PostingsOffsetStrategy(components);
904         case POSTINGS_WITH_TERM_VECTORS:
905             return new PostingsWithTermVectorsOffsetStrategy(components);
906         default:
907             throw new IllegalArgumentException("Unrecognized offset source " + offsetSource);
908     }
909 }
910
911 /**
912  * When highlighting phrases accurately, we need to know which {@link SpanQuery}'s need to ha
913  * {@link Query#rewrite(IndexReader)} called on them. It helps performance to avoid it if it
914  * This method will be invoked on all SpanQuery instances recursively. If you have custom Spa
915  * override this to check instanceof and provide a definitive answer. If the query isn't your
916  * return null to have the default rules apply, which govern the ones included in Lucene.
917  */
918 protected Boolean requiresRewrite(SpanQuery spanQuery) {
919     return null;

```

```

920     }
921
922     /**
923     * When highlighting phrases accurately, we may need to handle custom queries that aren't sup
924     * {@link org.apache.lucene.search.highlight.WeightedSpanTermExtractor} as called by the {@code
925     * Should custom query types be needed, this method should be overridden to return a collectio
926     * or null if nothing to do. If the query is not custom, simply returning null will allow the
927     *
928     * @param query Query to be highlighted
929     * @return A Collection of Query object(s) if needs to be rewritten, otherwise null.
930     */
931     protected Collection<Query> preSpanQueryRewrite(Query query) {
932         return null;
933     }
934
935     private DocIdSetIterator asDocIdSetIterator(int[] sortedDocIds) {
936         return new DocIdSetIterator() {
937             int idx = -1;
938
939             @Override
940             public int docID() {
941                 if (idx < 0 || idx >= sortedDocIds.length) {
942                     return NO_MORE_DOCS;
943                 }
944                 return sortedDocIds[idx];
945             }
946
947             @Override
948             public int nextDoc() throws IOException {
949                 idx++;
950                 return docID();
951             }
952
953             @Override
954             public int advance(int target) throws IOException {
955                 return super.slowAdvance(target); // won't be called, so whatever
956             }
957
958             @Override
959             public long cost() {
960                 return Math.max(0, sortedDocIds.length - (idx + 1)); // remaining docs
961             }
962         };
963     }
964
965     /**
966     * Loads the String values for each docId by field to be highlighted. By default this loads
967     * by the same name as given, but a subclass can change the source. The returned Strings mus
968     * what was indexed (at least for postings or term-vectors offset sources).
969     * This method must load fields for at least one document from the given {@link DocIdSetItera
970     * but need not return all of them; by default the character lengths are summed and this meth
971     * when {@code cacheCharsThreshold} is exceeded. Specifically if that number is 0, then only

```

```

972     * fetched no matter what. Values in the array of {@link CharSequence} will be null if no va
973     */
974     protected List<CharSequence[]> loadFieldValues(String[] fields,
975                                                    DocIdSetIterator docIter, int cacheCharsThres
976         throws IOException {
977         List<CharSequence[]> docListOffields =
978             new ArrayList<>(cacheCharsThreshold == 0 ? 1 : (int) Math.min(64, docIter.cost()));
979
980         LimitedStoredFieldVisitor visitor = newLimitedStoredFieldsVisitor(fields);
981         int sumChars = 0;
982         do {
983             int docId = docIter.nextDoc();
984             if (docId == DocIdSetIterator.NO_MORE_DOCS) {
985                 break;
986             }
987             visitor.init();
988             searcher.doc(docId, visitor);
989             CharSequence[] valuesByField = visitor.getValuesByField();
990             docListOffields.add(valuesByField);
991             for (CharSequence val : valuesByField) {
992                 sumChars += (val == null ? 0 : val.length());
993             }
994         } while (sumChars <= cacheCharsThreshold && cacheCharsThreshold != 0);
995         return docListOffields;
996     }
997
998     /**
999     * @lucene.internal
1000    */
1001    protected LimitedStoredFieldVisitor newLimitedStoredFieldsVisitor(String[] fields) {
1002        return new LimitedStoredFieldVisitor(fields, MULTIVAL_SEP_CHAR, getMaxLength());
1003    }
1004
1005    /**
1006     * Fetches stored fields for highlighting. Uses a multi-val separator char and honors a max
1007     * @lucene.internal
1008     */
1009    protected static class LimitedStoredFieldVisitor extends StoredFieldVisitor {
1010        protected final String[] fields;
1011        protected final char valueSeparator;
1012        protected final int maxLength;
1013        protected CharSequence[] values;// starts off as String; may become StringBuilder.
1014        protected int currentField;
1015
1016        public LimitedStoredFieldVisitor(String[] fields, char valueSeparator, int maxLength) {
1017            this.fields = fields;
1018            this.valueSeparator = valueSeparator;
1019            this.maxLength = maxLength;
1020        }
1021
1022        void init() {
1023            values = new CharSequence[fields.length];

```

```

1024     currentField = -1;
1025 }
1026
1027 @Override
1028 public void stringField(FieldInfo fieldInfo, String value) throws IOException {
1029     assert currentField >= 0;
1030     Objects.requireNonNull(value, "String value should not be null");
1031     CharSequence curValue = values[currentField];
1032     if (curValue == null) {
1033         //question: if truncate due to maxLength, should we try and avoid keeping the other cha
1034         // the backing char[]?
1035         values[currentField] = value.substring(0, Math.min(maxLength, value.length())); //note:
1036         return;
1037     }
1038     final int lengthBudget = maxLength - curValue.length();
1039     if (lengthBudget <= 0) {
1040         return;
1041     }
1042     StringBuilder curValueBuilder;
1043     if (curValue instanceof StringBuilder) {
1044         curValueBuilder = (StringBuilder) curValue;
1045     } else {
1046         // upgrade String to StringBuilder. Choose a good initial size.
1047         curValueBuilder = new StringBuilder(curValue.length() + Math.min(lengthBudget, value.l
1048         curValueBuilder.append(curValue);
1049     }
1050     curValueBuilder.append(valueSeparator);
1051     curValueBuilder.append(value.substring(0, Math.min(lengthBudget - 1, value.length())));
1052     values[currentField] = curValueBuilder;
1053 }
1054
1055 @Override
1056 public Status needsField(FieldInfo fieldInfo) throws IOException {
1057     currentField = Arrays.binarySearch(fields, fieldInfo.name);
1058     if (currentField < 0) {
1059         return Status.NO;
1060     }
1061     CharSequence curVal = values[currentField];
1062     if (curVal != null && curVal.length() >= maxLength) {
1063         return fields.length == 1 ? Status.STOP : Status.NO;
1064     }
1065     return Status.YES;
1066 }
1067
1068 CharSequence[] getValuesByField() {
1069     return this.values;
1070 }
1071
1072 }
1073
1074 /**
1075  * Wraps an IndexReader that remembers/caches the last call to {@link LeafReader#getTermVecto

```

```
1076     * if the next call has the same ID, then it is reused. If TV's were column-stride (like doc
1077     * be no need for this.
1078     */
1079     private static class TermVectorReusingLeafReader extends FilterLeafReader {
1080
1081         static IndexReader wrap(IndexReader reader) throws IOException {
1082             LeafReader[] leafReaders = reader.leaves().stream()
1083                 .map(LeafReaderContext::reader)
1084                 .map(TermVectorReusingLeafReader::new)
1085                 .toArray(LeafReader[]::new);
1086             return new BaseCompositeReader<IndexReader>(leafReaders) {
1087                 @Override
1088                 protected void doClose() throws IOException {
1089                     reader.close();
1090                 }
1091
1092                 @Override
1093                 public CacheHelper getReaderCacheHelper() {
1094                     return null;
1095                 }
1096             };
1097         }
1098
1099         private int lastDocId = -1;
1100         private Fields tvFields;
1101
1102         TermVectorReusingLeafReader(LeafReader in) {
1103             super(in);
1104         }
1105
1106         @Override
1107         public Fields getTermVectors(int docID) throws IOException {
1108             if (docID != lastDocId) {
1109                 lastDocId = docID;
1110                 tvFields = in.getTermVectors(docID);
1111             }
1112             return tvFields;
1113         }
1114
1115         @Override
1116         public CacheHelper getCoreCacheHelper() {
1117             return null;
1118         }
1119
1120         @Override
1121         public CacheHelper getReaderCacheHelper() {
1122             return null;
1123         }
1124     }
1125 }
1126
1127 /**
```

```
1128     * Flags for controlling highlighting behavior.
1129     */
1130     public enum HighlightFlag {
1131         /** @see UnifiedHighlighter#setHighlightPhrasesStrictly(boolean) */
1132         PHRASES,
1133
1134         /** @see UnifiedHighlighter#setHandleMultiTermQuery(boolean) */
1135         MULTI_TERM_QUERY,
1136
1137         /** Passage relevancy is more important than speed. True by default. */
1138         PASSAGE_RELEVANCY_OVER_SPEED,
1139
1140         /**
1141          * Internally use the {@link Weight#matches(LeafReaderContext, int)} API for highlighting.
1142          * It's more accurate to the query, though might not calculate passage relevancy as well.
1143          * Use of this flag requires {@link #MULTI_TERM_QUERY} and {@link #PHRASES}.
1144          * {@link #PASSAGE_RELEVANCY_OVER_SPEED} will be ignored. False by default.
1145          */
1146         WEIGHT_MATCHES
1147
1148         // TODO: useQueryBoosts
1149     }
1150 }
```